<u>AMENDMENT</u>

In the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Currently amended claims are shown with additions <u>underlined</u> and deletions in <u>strikethrough text</u>. No new matter is added by this amendment.

1. (Previously presented) A method of quality assurance for a biological diagnostic using mass spectral data from an electrospray process, comprising:

selecting a diverse group of sera, the diverse group of sera having different characteristics;

diluting each serum of the diverse group of sera with a plurality of different diluents;

obtaining information associated with a mass spectrum of each of the diluted sera from the diverse group of sera using the electrospray process;

generating a control model based at least in part on the spectra obtained from the diverse group of sera, the control model including at least one control centroid located in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral features included in the control model;

diluting a test serum with a test diluent;

performing mass spectrometry on the test serum to obtain a test spectrum associated with the test serum;

mapping the test spectrum obtained from said performing to the n-dimensional space;

if the test spectrum maps to the n-dimensional space within an acceptable distance from the control centroid, submitting the test spectrum to the biological diagnostic.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting each serum of the diverse group of sera includes diluting the sera with diluents having a predetermined diluent concentration, and

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 3

said diluting a test serum with a test diluent includes diluting a test serum with a diluent having

the same concentration as the diluent used to dilute each serum of the diverse group of sera.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting each serum of the diverse group

of sera includes diluting the sera with diluents having a predetermined diluent concentration, and

said diluting a test serum with a test diluent includes diluting a test serum with a diluent having a

different concentration than the diluent used to dilute each serum of the diverse group of sera.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

classifying a biological state from the spectrum based on a predetermined biological state

model.

6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein if the test spectrum does not map

to the n-dimensional space within an acceptable distance from the control centroid, and the test

diluent is a first diluent, the method further comprising:

repeating the steps of diluting, performing, mapping, and determining for a second

diluent different from said first diluent.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, said selecting further comprising:

selecting at least two different sera from a pool of diverse sera, the pool of diverse sera

consisting of: sera from healthy males, sera from healthy females, sera from males afflicted with

a disease, sera from females afflicted with a disease, sera from persons of different races, and

sera from people of different ages.

8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said generating includes:

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 4

identifying at least one cluster in common to the sera of the diverse group of sera and the

plurality of different diluents; and

selecting only one cluster as the control centroid of the control model.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the obtaining information includes:

obtaining information on sera diluted with two different diluents, the diluents including at

least acetonitrile and methanol.

10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the test diluent is one of the plurality of

different diluents.

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the test diluent is not one of the plurality of

different diluents.

12. (Previously presented) A method of quality assurance for a biological diagnostic

employing a control model generated based on mass spectra obtained from sera analyzed

following an electrospray process, the spectra being associated with a plurality of different sera

and a plurality of different diluents, the control model including at least one control centroid

located in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral features included in the model,

comprising:

diluting a test serum using a test diluent;

ionizing the diluted test serum using an electrospray process;

performing mass spectrometry on the ionized diluted test serum to obtain test spectral

data associated with the test serum and the test diluent; and

mapping the test spectrum to the n-dimensional space; and

if the test spectrum maps to the n-dimensional space within an acceptable distance from

the control centroid, submitting the test spectrum to the biological diagnostic.

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 5

13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12,

wherein the submitting includes submitting the test spectrum to the biological diagnostic to determine if the test serum exhibits a particular biological state.

14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the test diluent is one of acetonitrile and methanol

15. (Canceled)

- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of different diluents includes acetonitrile and methanol.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting each serum of the diverse group of sera includes creating a plurality of dilutions of each serum with a diluent at a plurality of concentrations.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein said plurality of concentrations ranges between 1:250 to 1:1000.
- 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting a test serum includes diluting a test serum with a known diluent.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting a test serum includes diluting a test serum with one of the plurality of different diluents used to dilute the diverse group of sera.

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 6

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said diluting a test serum includes diluting a test serum with a test diluent different than any of the plurality of different

diluents used to dilute the diverse group of sera.

23.-26. (Canceled)

27. (Previously presented) A method of quality assurance for a biological diagnostic using

mass spectral data from an electrospray process using sera diluted with diluent, comprising:

providing in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral features a location of at

least one control centroid associated with one diluent and that distinguishes the one diluent from

at least one second diluent;

using an electrospray ionization process, ionizing a test serum diluted with a test diluent

to generate a test mass spectrum;

mapping the test mass spectrum to the n-dimensional space;

if the spectrum maps to the n-dimensional space within an acceptable distance

from the control centroid, certifying the spectrum for analysis with the biological diagnostic.

28. (Previously presented) A quality control method for a bioassay that generates mass

spectral data from a sample that is diluted by a diluent, comprising:

providing a location in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral features of at

least one control centroid associated with a preferred diluent concentration and composition;

providing a location in the n-dimensional space of at least one test centroid associated

with a test sample;

comparing the at least one test centroid to the at least one control centroid to determine

the displacement in the n-dimensional space of the at least one test centroid from the at least one

control centroid; and

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 7

determining a degree of error between the test centroid and the control centroid.

29. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any-of claim 28, wherein the test

sample is accepted for analysis if the displacement of the at least one test centroid from the at

least one control centroid is within an acceptable distance.

30. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any of claim 28, wherein the sample

is serum.

31. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any of claim 28, wherein the mass

spectral data is generated by an electrospray ionization technique.

32. (Previously presented) A quality control method for a bioassay that generates mass

spectral data from a sample that is diluted by a diluent, comprising:

providing a location in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral features of at

least one control centroid associated with a preferred diluent concentration and composition;

providing a location in the n-dimensional space of at least one test centroid associated

with a test sample; and

comparing the at least one test centroid to the at least one control centroid to determine

the displacement in the n-dimensional space of the at least one test centroid from the at least one

control centroid; wherein the magnitude of the displacement is an indicator as to reliability of the

bioassay applied to the test sample.

33. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any-of claim 32, wherein the test

sample is accepted for analysis if the displacement of the at least one test centroid from the at

least one control centroid is within an acceptable distance.

Application No.: 10/628,136

Page 8

34. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any of claim 32, wherein the sample

is serum.

35. (Currently amended) The quality control method of any of claim 32, wherein the mass

spectral data is generated by an electrospray ionization technique.

36. (New) A method of quality assurance for a biological diagnostic employing a control

model generated based on mass spectral features associated with a sample that includes serum

and a preferred concentration of diluent and composition of diluent, the control model including

at least one control centroid located in an n-dimensional space defined by n mass spectral

features included in the model, comprising:

performing mass spectrometry on a test sample that includes serum and a diluent having a

concentration and a composition to obtain a test spectrum associated with the test sample; and

mapping the test spectrum to the n-dimensional space; and

if the test spectrum maps to the n-dimensional space within an acceptable distance from

the control centroid, certifying that the concentration of the diluent and the composition of the

diluent are acceptable for the biological diagnostic.

37. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein said performing mass spectrometry includes

performing surface enhanced laser desorption/ionization time of flight (SELDI-TOF) mass

spectrometry.

38. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein said biological diagnostic is a disease model

capable of determining if the test serum exhibits a disease state associated with the disease

model.